

MICROBIOLOGICAL PROFILE





Evans Vanodine

PROTECT MICROBIOLOGICAL PROFILE

INTRODUCTION

PROTECT is a concentrated quaternary ammonium based cleaner and multi-surface disinfectant.

PROTECT is bactericidal and yeasticidal. It is also effective against enveloped viruses including coronavirus.

PROTECT is perfumed and can be used in schools, hospitals, nursing homes as well as in the leisure industry for equipment, sunbeds, steam rooms and saunas.

PROTECT is suitable for use on all washable hard surfaces leaving a clean, fresh fragrance.

Helps to prevent cross contamination	Applied using ready-to-use spray bottles	Cleans and disinfects
Proven to kill a wide range o	Non-corrosive to surfaces	

PROTECT - EFFICACY SUMMARY

PROTECT has been tested and proven to be effective against a range of micro-organisms. European Standard (EN*) test methods were used to prove efficacy against bacteria, viruses and yeast.

The UKAS accredited Microbiology Laboratory at Evans Vanodine International plc. (Testing number 1108) performed tests with bacteria and yeast. In addition, virus tests EN 14476 and EN 16777 have been performed by an independent expert laboratory.

*EN - European Norm

Published in the UK as BS EN by the British Standards Institution.

The following tables include information of relevant, applicable test methods, conditions, organisms and contact times.



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ACTIVITY AGAINST BACTERIA

BACTERIA TEST PROFILE					
ORGANISMS	DILUTION	TEST METHOD	TEMP (°C)	CONTACT TIME (MINUTES)	SOILING Level
Enterococcus hirae	1:200		20	30 Seconds	Dirty
	1:200			5	Dirty
Escherichia coli	1:50	1		30 Seconds	Dirty
	1:50			5	Dirty
Legionella pneumophila	1:100*	EN 1276		5	Dirty
Methicillin resistant Staphylococcus aureus	1:200			5	Dirty
Desudemeneo corusineos	1:25			30 Seconds	Dirty
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	1:25			5	Dirty
Salmonella typhimurium	1:50			5	Dirty
Shigella sonnei	1:50			5	Dirty
Charle de constante	1:50]		30 Seconds	Dirty
Staphylococcus aureus	1:100			5	Dirty
Streptococcus pyogenes	1:200**			1	Dirty
Enterococcus hirae	1:100		Room temperature	1	Dirty
Escherichia coli	1:100				
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	1:25	EN 16615***			
Staphylococcus aureus	1:50				

* PROTECT is suitable for disinfecting showerheads only and should not be used in water systems for the control of Legionella.

** Tested using EN 1276:1997

ACTIVITY AGAINST YEAST

YEAST TEST PROFILE					
ORGANISMS	DILUTION	TEST METHOD	TEMP (°C)	CONTACT TIME (MINUTES)	SOILING Level
Candida albicans	1:25	EN 1650	20	15	Dirty
	1:50	EN 16615***	Room temperature	1	Dirty

*** Modified see page 4

ACTIVITY AGAINST ENVELOPED VIRUSES

ORGANISMS	DILUTION	TEST METHOD	TEMP (°C)	CONTACT TIME (MINUTES)	SOILING Level
	1:15	EN 14476	20	5	Clean
Vaccinia virus	1:50	EN 16777	Room temperature	1	Clean

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HARD SURFACE PRODUCT TEST METHODS

For the Biocidal Product Regulation (BPR) there are two product types applicable to hard surface disinfectants. Product Type 2; Disinfectants used for the disinfection of surfaces, materials, equipment and furniture which are not in direct contact with food or feeding stuffs and Product Type 4; Disinfectants used for the disinfection of equipment containers, consumption utensils, surfaces or pipework associated with the production, transport, storage or consumption of food or feed for humans and animals.

There are two types of laboratory test methods for disinfectants i.e. suspension methods and surface methods. Surface methods use different carriers depending on the application area, e.g. stainless steel discs (food), PVC tiles (medical), wood (veterinary), synthetic skin (veterinary). The inoculum is dried on to the surface before the disinfectant is applied, mechanical action is also employed in one method by using wipes. As a minimum for general purposes products should be effective against bacteria and yeast.

There are 3 different claims that can be made when virus tests are used, either for full virucidal activity, limited spectrum virucidal activity or activity against enveloped viruses. The virucidal claim will depend on the viruses tested.

The scope of food area EN methods applies to disinfectants used in food, industrial, domestic, institutional areas, excluding areas and situations where disinfection is medically indicated, and products used on living tissue except those for hand hygiene in the above areas.

The interfering substances used in EN test methods are described as dirty or clean in medical, food, industrial, domestic and institutional areas. They simulate levels of soiling encountered in practical and real-life situations.

EN TEST METHODS

TEST REFERENCE		TEST TYPE	ORGANISM	TEST PASS CRITERIA
EN 1276	For bactericidal activity in the food, industrial, domestic and institutional areas.	Suspension	Bacteria	≥5 log reduction
EN 1650	For fungicidal or yeasticidal activity in the food, industrial, domestic and institutional areas.	Suspension	Fungi/Yeast	≥4 log reduction
EN 14476	For virucidal activity in the medical area.	Suspension	Virus	≥4 log reduction
EN 16615 For bactericidal and/or yeasticidal activity in the medical area. For products used to disinfect non-porous surfaces with a mechanical action. Modified to use stainless steel carriers, interfering substance and <i>Escherichia coli</i> parameters from food, industrial, domestic and institutional areas.	Surface	Bacteria	≥5 log reduction	
	to use stainless steel carriers, interfering substance and Escherichia coli	Surface	Yeast	≥4 log reduction
EN 16777	For virucidal activity in the medical area. For products used to disinfect non-porous surfaces.	Surface	Virus	≥4 log reduction

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LOG REDUCTION

Products claiming they will kill 99.9% of bacteria sounds extremely efficient, however it does not prove that a product is an effective disinfectant.

In order to demonstrate effectiveness disinfectants should be tested using European Standard Test Methods. Depending on the applicable area and test used, relevant log reductions are specified and must be achieved to claim effectiveness with a test method. This means a reduction in microbial numbers must be seen when compared to the number of organisms at the start of the test or, for surface tests, to a water control performed at the same time. As the numbers are large it is generally accepted that they are expressed as a logarithm. The reduction can be written as either a log value or a percentage i.e. a 5 log reduction is equivalent to a 99.999% reduction, a 3 log reduction is equivalent to 99.9% reduction.

Bacteria are microscopic free living single celled organisms. A surface contaminated with raw meat for example could have millions of bacteria per square centimetre e.g. a surface with 1,000,000 bacteria treated with a product that kills 99.9% of bacteria would still have 1000 bacteria remaining. If the surface were treated with a product that kills 99.999% of bacteria only 10 bacteria would remain.

Bacterial growth rates vary depending on the surface, type and degree of soiling, temperature, and presence of water. For example, E.coli under ideal conditions multiplies every 15 minutes. If conditions are less than ideal (lowering the temperature or drying the surface) the growth rate slows down.

e.g. 1,000 bacteria would increase to 2,000 after 15 minutes, after 30 minutes it would be 4,000 and after 1 hour 16,000 and 256,000 after 2 hours, **10 bacteria would only have multiplied to 2560 in the same 2 hour period.**

The presence of bacteria does not automatically lead to infection, susceptibility to disease and the infectious dose (number of bacteria required to cause infection) are vitally important. Some bacteria will cause an infection with less than 100 cells ingested or introduced into cuts or wounds. For this reason, it is important to reduce numbers of harmful bacteria to the lowest number possible wherever the risk of infection is high.

THE FOLLOWING FIGURES APPLY IF THE NUMBER AT THE START POINT WAS 1,000,000					
LOG REDUCTION	NUMBER REMAINING	PERCENTAGE REDUCTION			
1	100,000	90%			
2	10,000	99%			
3	1,000	99.9%			
4	100	99.99%			
5	10	99.999%			